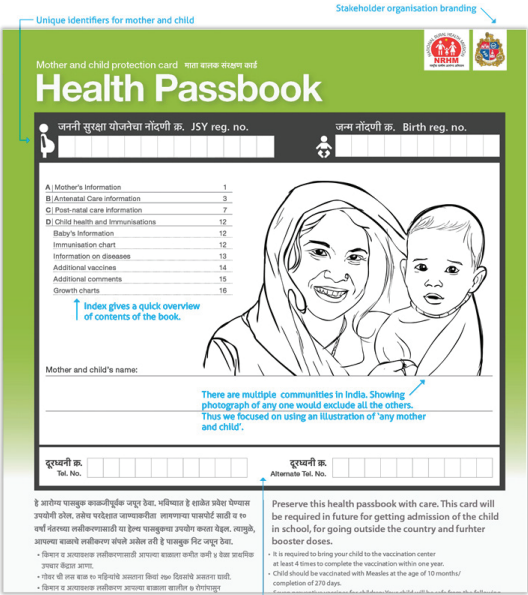
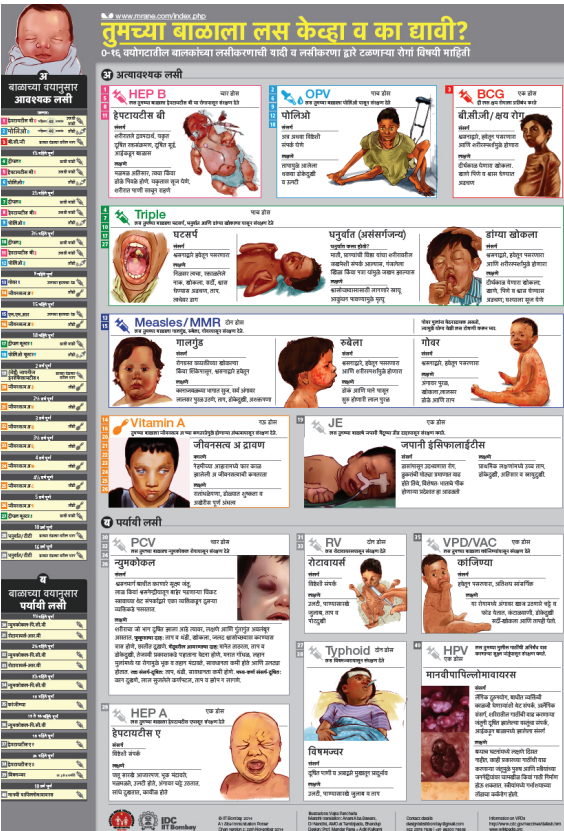


# Redesign of Immunisation Card

Mandar Rane

The Universal Immunisation Programme (UIP) run by the Government of India, makes essential immunisation available for free to children between ages of 0 to 5 years. The mother and child protection card that contains demographic and health information as well as immunisation status of a child is an important part of UIP. For every child immunized under this program, there exists a home-based physical record as well as a clinic side copy of the same. The language, content and design of the immunisation card vary from state to state. Analysis of immunisation cards from three states- Bihar, Gujarat and Maharashtra as well as contextual inquiries conducted at primary healthcare centre in Mumbai revealed several issues faced by three types of stakeholders in the immunisation process, healthcare service providers, parents and caregivers of the child. Surveyors and policy-makers also rely on information from such cards for gathering data about the population. The redesigned card addresses problems of comprehension, the needs of various stakeholders while entering and retrieving data and practical issues such as durability of immunisation card.



Preserve this health passbook with care. This card will be required in future for getting admission of the child in school, for going outside the country and further booster doses.

It is required to bring your child to the vaccination center at least 4 times to complete the vaccination within one year.

Child should be vaccinated with Measles at the age of 10 months/ completion of 10th date.

Alternate phone numbers help in follow-up

Incase primary phone number does not work

- People may shift residence
- People may not have phone balance
- People may be out of coverage area
- Ideally the secondary phone number would belong to somebody in the neighbourhood or Auxiliary Midwife/ health worker who works in that region